

**The Further Education and Training Awards Council (FETAC)  
was set up as a statutory body on 11 June 2001  
by the Minister for Education and Science.  
Under the Qualifications (Education & Training) Act, 1999,  
FETAC now has responsibility for making awards  
previously made by NCVA.**



**Module Descriptor**

# **Programmable Logic Controllers**

**Level 6 C30015**

**[www.fetac.ie](http://www.fetac.ie)**

## Level 6 Module Descriptor

### Summary of Contents

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Introduction</b>                        | Describes how the module functions as part of the national vocational certificate framework.  |
| <b>Module Title</b>                        | Indicates the module content. This title appears on the learner's certificate. It can be used to download the module from the website <a href="http://www.fetac.ie">www.fetac.ie</a> .  |
| <b>Module Code</b>                         | An individual code is assigned to each module; a letter at the beginning denotes a vocational or general studies area under which the module is grouped and the first digit denotes its level within the national vocational certificate framework.               |
| <b>Level</b>                               | Indicates where the module is placed in the national vocational certificate framework, from Level 6 to Level 6.   |
| <b>Credit Value</b>                        | Denotes the amount of credit that a learner accumulates on achievement of the module.   |
| <b>Purpose</b>                             | Describes in summary what the learner will achieve on successfully completing the module and in what learning and vocational contexts the module has been developed. Where relevant, it lists what certification will be awarded by other certification agencies. |
| <b>Preferred Entry Level</b>               | Recommends the level of previous achievement or experience of the learner.  |
| <b>Special Requirements</b>                | Usually 'none' but in some cases detail is provided here of specific learner or course provider requirements. There may also be reference to the minimum safety or skill requirements that learners must achieve prior to assessment.                             |
| <b>General Aims</b>                        | Describe in 3-5 statements the broad skills and knowledge learners will have achieved on successful completion of the module.   |
| <b>Units</b>                               | Structure the learning outcomes; there may be no units.   |
| <b>Specific Learning Outcomes</b>          | Describe in specific terms the knowledge and skills that learners will have achieved on successful completion of the module.  |
| <b>Portfolio of Assessment</b>             | Provides details on how the learning outcomes are to be assessed.   |
| <b>Grading</b>                             | Provides details of the grading system used.  |
| <b>Individual Candidate Marking Sheets</b> | List the assessment criteria for each assessment technique and the marking system.  |
| <b>Module Results Summary Sheet</b>        | Records the marks for each candidate in each assessment technique and in total. It is an important record for centres of their candidate's achievements.  |
| <b>Appendices</b>                          | Can include approval forms for national governing bodies.   |
| <b>Glossary of Assessment Techniques</b>   | Explains the types of assessment techniques used to assess standards.   |
| <b>Assessment Principles</b>               | Describes the assessment principles that underpin FETAC approach to assessment.   |

## Introduction

A module is a statement of the standards to be achieved to gain a FETAC award. Candidates are assessed to establish whether they have achieved the required standards. Credit is awarded for each module successfully completed.

The standards in a module are expressed principally in terms of specific learning outcomes, i.e. what the learner will be able to do on successful completion of the module. The other elements of the module - the purpose, general aims, assessment details and assessment criteria - combine with the learning outcomes to state the standards in a holistic way.

While FETAC is responsible for setting the standards for certification in partnership with course providers and industry, it is the course providers who are responsible for the design of the learning programmes. The duration, content and delivery of learning programmes should be appropriate to the learners' needs and interests, and should enable the learners to reach the standard as described in the modules. Modules may be delivered alone or integrated with other modules.

The development of learners' **core skills** is a key objective of vocational education and training. The opportunity to develop these skills may arise through a single module or a range of modules. The core skills include:

- taking initiative
- taking responsibility for one's own learning and progress
- problem solving
- applying theoretical knowledge in practical contexts
- being numerate and literate
- having information and communication technology skills
- sourcing and organising information effectively
- listening effectively
- communicating orally and in writing
- working effectively in group situations
- understanding health and safety issues
- reflecting on and evaluating quality of own learning and achievement.

Course providers are encouraged to design programmes which enable learners to develop core skills.

|          |                              |   |
|----------|------------------------------|---|
| <b>1</b> | <b>Title</b>                 | <b>Programmable Logic Controllers</b>   |
| <b>2</b> | <b>Code</b>                  | <b>C30115</b>   |
| <b>3</b> | <b>Level</b>                 | <b>6</b>  |
| <b>4</b> | <b>Value</b>                 | <b>1</b>  |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Purpose</b>               | <p>This module will enable the participant to locate faults on a PLC system (non-analogue).</p> <p>The participant will acquire the necessary associated knowledge</p>  |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Preferred Entry Level</b> | FETAC Level 5, or equivalent  |
| <b>7</b> | <b>Special Requirements</b>  | None.   |
| <b>8</b> | <b>General Aims</b>          | <p>Learners who successfully complete this module will</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><b>8.1</b> understand the function of a PLC</li><li><b>8.2</b> identify the standard electrical components used with PLC's and understand their function</li><li><b>8.3</b> interpret the standard Allocation (Assignment) Lists and input/output circuits associated with PLC systems</li><li><b>8.4</b> write and interpret short PLC programs in the form of Ladder Logic diagrams and Statement List</li><li><b>8.5</b> Use editing functions to locate, monitor and alter elements of programs</li><li><b>8.6</b> locate faults using PLC programmes and documentation</li><li><b>8.7</b> rectify/report faults</li></ul> |

## 9 UNITS

This module comprises three units

|               |                      |
|---------------|----------------------|
| <b>Unit 1</b> | <b>PLC operation</b> |
| <b>Unit 2</b> | <b>Field devices</b> |
| <b>Unit 3</b> | <b>Programming</b>   |

## 10 Specific Learning Outcomes

### Unit 1 PLC operation

*Learners should be able to:*

- 10.1.1** identify the main components in a PLC c controlled system,
- input board
  - output board
  - CPU
  - power pack
  - program input system
- 10.1.2** outline the function of each component in 10.1.1
- 10.1.3** list the main hardware and software methods of entering and storing PLC programs
- 10.1.4** interpret an allocation list and use to locate components on the system
- 10.1.5** use an allocation list to determine the condition of the inputs and outputs of the PLC
- 10.1.6** list the major types of PLC fault

### Unit 2 Field devices

*Learners should be able to:*

- push buttons,
  - levers
  - trip rollers,
  - reed switches,
  - inductive sensors
  - capacitive sensors
  - photo-cells
  - relays and contactors
- 10.2.2** recognise the standard circuit symbols for these devices

- 10.2.3 outline the operation of these standard field devices
- 10.2.4 test the operation of these input devices

### **Unit 3                      Programming**

*Learners should be able to:*

- 10.3.1 list and explain common logic and switching functions of a PLC
  - AND
  - OR
  - NOT
  - TIMER
  - COUNTER
  - INTERNAL RELAY (FLAG)
- 10.3.2 identify the ladder logic and statement list symbols for these functions
- 10.3.3 interpret Ladder and STL programs
- 10.3.4 list common editing functions of a PLC
  - overwrite
  - delete
  - insert
  - search
- 10.3.5 use these functions to monitor and alter program elements by means of a programming panel
- 10.3.6 construct a variety of programs (at least 4) as specified in a (supplied) hardwired circuit diagram.  
  
Combinational circuits should have examples of interlocks and overrides
- 10.3.7 locate a fault in a PLC system
- 10.3.8 replace a field device or report a PLC fault

## 11 Assessment Summary

|                                 |            |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| <b>Portfolio of course work</b> | <b>40%</b> |
| <b>Project</b>                  | <b>40%</b> |
| <b>Practical examination</b>    | <b>20%</b> |

### 11.1 Portfolio of course work 40%

Components Minimum of 3 specified written examinations

Details Each examination is of 30 minutes duration  
 Examination 1 consists of 5 questions on Unit 1.  
 Examination 2 consists of 10 questions on Unit 2  
 Examination 3 consists of 3 questions on Unit 3

### 11.2 Technique Project 40%

Details Design a processes which must have at least six inputs and must control at least four outputs. the program must include at least one of each of the following:

- Keep
- Counter
- Timer

Be aware of safety in your design.

### 11.3 Technique Practical examination 20%

Components The program for a given system is to be entered into a PLC

Details Taken on completion of module. Based on practical work covered in the course

## 13 GRADING

|             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| Pass        | 50 - 64%  |
| Merit       | 65 - 79%  |
| Distinction | 80 - 100% |